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SG/TG abrasive grains mechanism and application

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What's Ceramic Abrasive (Alumina produced by ceramic process)

>>Composition: Alumina

>>Crystalline size: 50~500 nm

Benefit *Design to nano scale crystalline *Controlled shape



»Process:

Sol-Gel and Sintering Process





>>Crack Mechanism



>>Benefit Point of Ceramic Abrasive

- Nano scale crack create more tiny blade for grinding and longer grain durability.
- Tiny chips reduce the grinding heat concentrate

>> Application Limitation

■ High stiffness of ceramic abrasive need more pressure, and consume more power of machine

Ceramic Abrasive Crystalline design roadmap

Main	SEM on origin surface	SEM on broken surface	<u>Remark</u>
Layer Stack crystalline	S4800 15 OkV 8 5mm x40.0k		 <u>3M</u> create this routine Needle shape boundary create by RE additive More sharpness from needle shape boundary <u>ROY</u> follow this roadmap
Ball Stack crystalline			 <u>Saint-Gobain</u> create this routine More durability due to ball stack structure

* Remark: blue color is create by Cobalt. No related to grain performance

A Ceramic Abrasive physical characteristics

Index	Range	Test method	Remarks
True Density		Helium density tester	 Key Characteristics Less than 3.85 means too much porosity within grain, and grain loss basic strength.
Hardness	HV 1600-2200	Micro vickers	Reference Characteristics
Crystalline Size	50-500nm	SEM	 Key Characteristics Smaller size means more easy to crack and more sharpness
Toughness	55-75%	Ball mill method	 Reference Characteristics Can be used to adjust grinding wheel recipe according application.

Visual inspection of ceramic abrasive performance

Index	Inspection method	<u>Theory</u>	
l Transnarency		 Visible light spectrum(380-780nm) More transparency means smaller crystalline Bigger grit size will show lower transparency Suggest inspection on grit size 80# 	
Surface status	X20 Microscope	• Rough surface means impurity	
Color uniformity	X20 Microscope	 Color uniformity indicate the grain chemical homogeneity. 	
Color	X20 Microscope	• Light or dark do not related to performance	

Example of visual inspection

Good transparency and smooth surface	Bad transparency and rough surface
Good transparency and smooth surface	Bad transparency and bad color uniform Small particle stick on surface

Direction of Ceramic Grain Development



A Grain Working Mechanism For Bonded Abrasives





Market/Application

- Bearing race grinding
- Form Gear Grinding
- > Worm Gear (M>3)
- Bevel Gear Grinding
- Creep feed
 - Aero/Gas turbine
 - linear motion (guide rail grinding)

Feature

- Longer grain can build wheel with more open structure
- > Longer grain can be more firmly hold by binder
- Reduce the pore inducer usage
- 100% TG-AX can build nature open porosity without pore inducer

TG-A Special Value For Bonded Abrasives

Porosity

The elongated structure creates an aggressive surface and open structure with high permeability





Wheel Surface Conventional Grain VS



Wheel Surface TG-AX Grain

A Special Value For Bonded Abrasives

Impact to the grinding process

- High porosity reduces the interaction between the chips and tool, power increase slowly
- Benefit for coolant move in and workpiece chips move out
- > Extremely high removal rates Q'W reachable
- Higher threshold power Pth

Conventional SG-S **TG-AX** Grain P limit 1.0 P' [kW/mm] 0.8 0.2 Pth 5 10 15 20 25 30 Q'w [mm³/(s*mm)]

Benefit for application of

- 1. Big grinding area
- Close grinding space (easy for heat dissipation)
- 3. High stock removal

EX: Creep feed



Blade



Linear guide rail



Bonded Wheel:		
Spec:	TGAX_120_E_13	
Competitor:	5SG	
Basic Info:		
Material:	100Cr6-55-60HRC	
Workpiece size:	16*4080mm	
Wheel Size:	500*16*203.2	
Stock Removal:	0.3mm	
Dressing:		
Tool:	roller	
Wheel speed	14m/s	
ratio:	0.8	
Dressing depth:	50um/radius	



TGAX_120_E_13

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5SG



Presentation file can be download on <u>www.roymt.com</u>



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